SLEEP LIKE A LOG? A sleep diary or log is a good starting point to see exactly what the extent of the problem is.
An example might look like this:
Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday
Total nap time yesterday

Sleep Log Friday, 18 February 2005 11:16	
Sleep medication	
Time started trying to sleep	

Sleep Log Friday, 18 F) February 2005 11:16		
111	h of over food a closur		
now iong	g before feel asleep		

Sleep Log Friday, 18 February 2005 11:16
Time awoke for last time this morning
How many hours' sleep?

Sleep Log Friday, 18 February 2005 11:16	
time got out of bed	

How well slept ~		
How refreshing sleep was #		

Sleep Log Friday, 18 February 2005 11:16

Sleep Log Friday, 18 February 2005 11:16
? not including time taken to fall asleep ? not including time taken to fall asleep ? not not including time taken to fall asleep ? not not accompared with average over past month 1. much worse; 2. slightly worse; 3. fairly typical; 4. slightly better; 5. much better ? not at all restorative: no benefit; 2. slight restorative value; 3. restorative but not adequate; 4. relatively satisfactory; 5. Completely satisfactory
It may also be helpful to assess your daily activity levels in a separate log and compare them to see if there is a correlation. In fact, any variable can be looked at in this way to see if there is a pattern emerging. So pain level, other symptoms, caffeine consumption, diet, menstrual cycle, medication changes (especially timing) can all be assessed to see their impact upon the sleep pattern.
For people with chronic pain, it is advisable to keep a pain log for the same period as the

sleep log; it might look something like this:
A sleep diary or log is a good starting point to see exactly what the extent of the problem is.
An example might look like this:
Sunday Monday Tuesday
Wednesday Thursday Friday
Saturday Total nap time yesterday

Sleep Log Friday, 18 February 2005 11:16
Sleep medication
Time started trying to sleep

Sleep Log Friday, 18 February 2005 11:16
How long before feel asleep

How many times woke up	
How many minutes awake during night *	

Sleep Log Friday, 18 February 2005 11:16

Sleep Log Friday, 18 February 2005 11:16		
Time awoke for last time the	his mornina	
	J	

Sleep Log Friday, 18 February 2005 11:16
How many hours' sleep?
time got out of bed

Friday, 18 I	3 February 2005 11:16	
	_	
How wel	ell slept ~	
	٦	
	٦	
	٦	

It may also be helpful to assess your daily activity levels in a separate log and compare
them to see if there is a correlation. In fact, any variable can be looked at in this way to
see if there is a pattern emerging. So pain level, other symptoms, caffeine consumption,
diet, menstrual cycle, medication changes (especially timing) can all be assessed to see
their impact upon the sleep pattern.

For people with chronic pain, it is advisable to keep a pain log for the same period as the sleep log; it might look something like this:

SLEEP LIKE A LOG?

A sleep diary or log is a good starting point to see exactly what the extent of the problem is.

An example might look like this:

Sunday

Monday

Tuesday

Wednesday

Thursday

□ Friday

Saturday

Total nap time yesterday

Friday, 18 February 2005 11:16
Sleep medication

Time started trying to sleep		
How long before feel asleep		

Sleep Log Friday, 18 February 2005 11:16

Sleep Log Friday, 18 F	g February 2005 11:16
How man	ny times woke up

Sleep Log Friday, 18 February 2005 11:16
How many minutes awake during night *
Time awoke for last time this morning

	February 2005 11:16
	1
How ma	ny hours' sleep?

Sleep Log Friday, 18 February 2005 11:16	
How refreshing clean was #	
How refreshing sleep was #	

? not including time taken to fall asleep ? - compared with average over past month 1. much worse; 2. slightly worse; 3. fair typical; 4. slightly better; 5. much better ? # 1. not at all restorative: no benefit; 2. slight restorative value; 3. restorative but not adequate; 4. relatively satisfactory; 5. Completely satisfactory
It may also be helpful to assess your daily activity levels in a separate log and compare them to see if there is a correlation. In fact, any variable can be looked at in this way to see if there is a pattern emerging. So pain level, other symptoms, caffeine consumption, diet, menstrual cycle, medication changes (especially timing) can all be assessed to see their impact upon the sleep pattern.
For people with chronic pain, it is advisable to keep a pain log for the same period as the sleep log; it might look something like this:
A sleep diary or log is a good starting point to see exactly what the extent of the problem is.
An example might look like this:
Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday

Thursday Friday Saturday	
otal nap time yesterday	
Sleep medication	

Sleep Log Friday, 18 February 2005 11:16
Time started trying to sleep
How long before feel asleep

Friday, 18 February 2005 11:16	
How many times woke up	

Sleep Log Friday, 18 February 2005 11:16					
How many minutes awake during night *					
Time awoke for last time this morning					

Friday, 18 February 2005 11:16		
How many hours' sleep?		

Sleep Log Friday, 18 February 2005 11:16				
time got out of bed				
How well slept ~				

Sleep Log Friday, 18 February 2005 11:16					
How refre	eshing sleep was #				

? In ot including time taken to fall asleep

? Ill # 1. not at all restorative: no benefit; 2. slight restorative value; 3. restorative but not adequate; 4. relatively satisfactory; 5. Completely satisfactory

It may also be helpful to assess your daily activity levels in a separate log and compare them to see if there is a correlation. In fact, any variable can be looked at in this way to see if there is a pattern emerging. So pain level, other symptoms, caffeine consumption, diet, menstrual cycle, medication changes (especially timing) can all be assessed to see their impact upon the sleep pattern.

For people with chronic pain, it is advisable to keep a pain log for the same period as the sleep log; it might look something like this: