Situat	tions where great caution should be used as regards opioid use:
i.	Respiratory problems: asthma, emphysema
ii.	Decreased blood volume (hypotension)
iii.	Biliary colic
iv.	Liver disease (increased bioavailability)*
V.	Impaired kidney function (accumulation of metabolites)*
_	Opioids may aggravate pre-existing convulsions in patients with convulsive disorders. If ge is escalated substantially above recommended levels (because of tolerance) alsions may occur in patients who have no previous history
*Opioids may have prolonged duration of action and possibly a cumulative effect in patients who have impaired liver or kidney function.	